

# Package ‘sparsesvd’

January 14, 2023

**Title** Sparse Truncated Singular Value Decomposition (from 'SVDLIBC')

**Version** 0.2-2

**Date** 2023-01-14

**Description** Wrapper around the 'SVDLIBC' library for (truncated) singular value decomposition of a sparse matrix.

Currently, only sparse real matrices in Matrix package format are supported.

**Depends** R (>= 3.0)

**Imports** Matrix (>= 1.3), methods

**License** BSD\_3\_clause + file LICENSE

**URL** <https://github.com/lucasmaystre/svdlibc>,  
<http://wordspace.r-forge.r-project.org/>

**NeedsCompilation** yes

**Author** Doug Rohde [aut],  
Michael Berry [aut],  
Theresa Do [aut],  
Gavin O'Brien [aut],  
Vijay Krishna [aut],  
Sowmini Varadhan [aut],  
University of Tennessee Research Foundation [cph] (files src/las2.c,  
src/svdlib.[ch], src/svdutil.[ch]),  
Stephanie Evert [cre, aut, cph] (copyright holder for files src/main.c,  
R/\*, man/\*, tests/\*)

**Maintainer** Stephanie Evert <stephanie.evert@fau.de>

**Repository** CRAN

**Date/Publication** 2023-01-14 19:40:02 UTC

## R topics documented:

sparsesvd . . . . . 2

**Index** . . . . . 4

---

 sparsesvd

*Singular Value Decomposition of a Sparse Matrix.*


---

### Description

Compute the (usually truncated) singular value decomposition (SVD) of a sparse real matrix. This function is a shallow wrapper around the SVDLIBC implementation of Berry's (1992) single Lanczos algorithm.

### Usage

```
sparsesvd(M, rank=0L, tol=1e-15, kappa=1e-6)
```

### Arguments

M	a sparse real matrix in <b>Matrix</b> package format. The preferred format is a <a href="#">dgCMatrix</a> and other storage formats will automatically be converted if possible.
rank	an integer specifying the desired number of singular components, i.e. the rank of the truncated SVD. Specify 0 to return all singular values of magnitude larger than tol (default).
tol	exclude singular values whose magnitude is smaller than tol
kappa	accuracy parameter $\kappa$ of the SVD algorithm (with SVDLIBC default)

### Value

The truncated SVD decomposition

$$M_r = U_r D V_r^T$$

where  $M_r$  is the optimal rank  $r$  approximation of  $M$ . Note that  $r$  may be smaller than the requested number rank of singular components.

The returned value is a list with components

d	a vector containing the first $r$ singular values of M
u	a column matrix of the first $r$ left singular vectors of M
v	a column matrix of the first $r$ right singular vectors of M

### References

The SVDLIBC homepage <http://tedlab.mit.edu/~dr/SVDLIBC/> seems to be no longer available. A copy of the source code can be obtained from <https://github.com/lucasmaystre/svdlibc>.

Berry, Michael~W. (1992). Large scale sparse singular value computations. *International Journal of Supercomputer Applications*, **6**, 13–49.

### See Also

[svd](#), [sparseMatrix](#)

**Examples**

```
M <- rbind(
  c(20, 10, 15, 0, 2),
  c(10, 5, 8, 1, 0),
  c(0, 1, 2, 6, 3),
  c(1, 0, 0, 10, 5))
M <- Matrix::Matrix(M, sparse=TRUE)
print(M)

res <- sparsesvd(M, rank=2L) # compute first 2 singular components
print(res, digits=3)

M2 <- res$u %*% diag(res$d) %*% t(res$v) # rank-2 approximation
print(M2, digits=1)

print(as.matrix(M) - M2, digits=2) # approximation error
```

# Index

`dgCMatrix`, 2

`sparseMatrix`, 2

`sparsesvd`, 2

`svd`, 2